AKC Trick Dog

EVALUATOR GUIDE

December 2019
Includes new requirements for Elite Performer and new trick suggestions
About AKC Trick Dog

Welcome to the AKC Trick Dog program. In AKC Trick Dog, dogs and their owners can have fun learning tricks together.

There are 5 levels of titles in AKC Trick Dog:
- AKC Novice Trick Dog (TKN)
- AKC Intermediate Trick Dog (TKI)
- AKC Advanced Trick Dog (TKA)
- AKC Trick Dog Performer (TKP)
- AKC Trick Dog Elite Performer (TKE)

AKC Approved CGC Evaluators observe the tricks and sign as evaluators for the Novice, Intermediate, Advanced, and Performer and Elite Performer Trick Dog titles.

In a trick dog class (e.g., a 6-weeks course), evaluators may sign off on tricks as handlers learn them each week for Novice, Intermediate, Advanced, and Performer, and

AS OF JANUARY 1, 2020, CGC EVALUATORS ALSO EVALUATE ELITE PERFORMER.

Performer
For the Performer level, tricks may be done as either 1) 10 unrelated tricks done one after the other or 2) as a part of a routine with a theme/story (such as “Bruno plays sports”).
Elite Performer
For the Elite Performer, a story/script is required. The handler may tell the story or a helper may read the story as the dog performs. Music may be used.

AS OF MARCH 1, 2019, THE ELITE PERFORMER ROUTINE MUST BE DONE AS A PERFORMANCE FOR OTHERS.

• This can be at a school, assisted living facility, park, dog training class for other students in the class, at a dog show, etc.

AS OF JANUARY 1, 2020, CGC EVALUATORS ALSO EVALUATE ELITE PERFORMER.
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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>BEFORE June 1, 2018</th>
<th>June 1, 2018 and AFTER</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Novice</strong></td>
<td>• 10 tricks</td>
<td>No Changes</td>
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<td>Trick Dog</td>
<td>• May use lures</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• May use food rewards</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Intermediate</strong></td>
<td>• 10 tricks</td>
<td>No Changes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trick Dog</td>
<td>• Lures only when specified</td>
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<td>• May use food reward</td>
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<td><strong>Advanced</strong></td>
<td>• 5 tricks</td>
<td>NEW!</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trick Dog</td>
<td><strong>NEW!</strong></td>
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<td>Performer</td>
<td>• Must do 10 tricks</td>
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<td>• 10 tricks</td>
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<td>• Story is an option</td>
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<td>• Props and music allowed</td>
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<td>• Tricks can be Novice, Intermediate or Advanced</td>
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<td>• 2 must be Intermediate; 2 must be Advanced</td>
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<td>• Judged by CGC Evaluators</td>
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<td>• At least 3 tricks must be Performer level</td>
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<td>• Props must be used for at least 3 of the 10 tricks</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Agility and obedience equipment may not be used**</td>
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** Trick Dog Elite Performer ** NEW!

**AUDIENCE**

As of March 1, 2019, the Elite Performer routine must be done for an audience of at least 5 people. This can be done in a dog training class, a therapy setting, at a dog show, etc.

Starting January 1, 2020-

CGC EVALUATORS
JUDGE
ELITE PERFORMER

** NEW!**

• MUST have a story/script
• Handler may tell the story or an assistant may read it
• 10 tricks from Advanced or Performer
• At least 5 tricks must be from Performer
• At least 5 tricks must have props
• Agility and obedience equipment may not be used**
(See below**)

** The goal of the Performer and Elite Performer levels is to put together a routine that can entertain others. While agility and obedience equipment may no longer be used in Performer and Elite Performer testing, the handler can design equipment that is functionally a jump or scent activity. For example, in a routine about Superman leaping over tall buildings, you can make a skyline (out of cardboard) that the dog jumps over. Rather than finding an obedience scent article, the dog can find a particular stuffed animal or clothing item that is a part of your story.
**Do More With Your Dog!™ Trick Dog Titles**  
AKC is proud to recognize Kyra Sundance’s *Do More With Your Dog* (DMWYD) titles. DMWYD title holder may submit a copy of a DMWYD certificate as proof of the equivalent AKC title, along with the AKC Trick Dog title application and fee to earn AKC Trick Dog titles.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AKC TRICK TITLES</th>
<th>Equivalent DMWYD!™ TITLES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AKC Novice Trick Dog (TKN)</td>
<td>Novice Trick Dog (NTD)</td>
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<tr>
<td>AKC Intermediate Trick Dog (TKI)</td>
<td>Intermediate Trick Dog (ITD)</td>
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<tr>
<td>AKC Advanced Trick Dog (TKA)</td>
<td>Advanced Trick Dog (ATD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AKC Trick Dog Performer (TKP)</td>
<td>Expert Trick Dog (ETD) and Trick Dog Champion (TDCH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AKC Trick Dog Elite Performer (TKE)</td>
<td>(No equivalent DMWYD title)</td>
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**Do More With Your Dog!™ Stunt Dog Titles**  
AKC also recognizes the following Stunt Dog titles from DMWYD: Novice, Open, Proven and Professional. The Champion Stunt Dog is not listed by AKC.

AKC does not have AKC stunt dog titles.
NOVICE LEVEL

Guidelines

For the Novice Trick Dog title, the dog must:
1) perform 10 tricks, or
2) have the CGC on record at AKC and perform 5 tricks.

In the Novice Trick Dog test, handlers:
  • **May** use food/toys as a lure (unless otherwise indicated for a specific trick).
    (Lures are used to guide the dog into position).
  • **May** use lures, hand signals and/or verbal cues unless otherwise indicated for a specific trick.
  • **May** use food as a reinforcer and **may also use** clickers to mark behaviors.
    (Reinforcers come after the behavior to tell the dog the behavior was done correctly).

In the Novice level, the dog will do each trick 2 times (unless otherwise specified) for the evaluator.

CGC Dogs and Trick Dog Titles
If a CGC certificate or title is on record at AKC, the dog only needs to perform 5 tricks to earn the Novice Trick Dog title.

**CGC + 5 Tricks = the AKC NOVICE TRICK DOG TITLE**

The CGC will count as 5 tricks because the dog has already been tested on foundation behaviors (i.e., sit, down, come, stay and walk on a leash).

CGC dogs can earn the Novice Trick Dog title by performing 5 additional tricks for the CGC Evaluator.

**CGC and Trick Dog titles may be earned on the same day**, however, handlers should send both CGC and Tricks title application in the same envelope so that AKC can enter the CGC on the record first.

Handlers are advised to keep a copy of tricks submitted at each level. They can easily take a photo with a cell phone to record their tricks.
INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

Guidelines

For the Intermediate Trick Dog title, the dog must:
1) perform 10 tricks from the Intermediate tricks list.

In the Intermediate Trick Dog test, handlers:

• **May NOT** use food/toys as a lure (except in tricks where this is specifically permitted – e.g., crawl on belly and weaves). (Lures are used to guide the dog into position).

• **May** use food as a reinforcer and **may also use** clickers to mark behaviors. (Reinforcers come after the behavior to tell the dog the behavior was done correctly).

___________________

In the Intermediate level, the dog will do each trick 2 times for the evaluator unless otherwise specified.

Tricks performed in the test for Novice may not be repeated in Intermediate. A more advanced version of the same trick may be performed.

Handlers are advised to keep a copy of tricks submitted at each level. They can easily take a photo with a cell phone to record their tricks.

___________________
ADVANCED LEVEL
Guidelines

For the Advanced Trick Dog title, as of June 1, 2018, the dog must:

• Perform **10 tricks** from the Advanced tricks list.

• Tricks must be advanced and not previously submitted for other titles.

In the Advanced Trick Dog test, handlers:

• **May NOT** use food/toys as a lure.  
  (Lures are used to guide the dog into position).

• **May** use food as a reinforcer and **may also use** clickers to mark behaviors.  
  (Reinforcers come after the behavior to tell the dog the behavior was done correctly).

In Advanced Trick Dog testing, the **dog will do each trick 1 time** for the evaluator.

Handlers are advised to keep a copy of tricks submitted at each level. They can easily take a photo with a cell phone to record their tricks.
PERFORMER LEVEL

Guidelines

Changes to the Performer level went into effect June 1, 2018.
Agility and obedience equipment may no longer be used in the Performer level (or for Elite Performer). However, handlers can design their own equipment (e.g., “Superman” jumps over buildings made of cardboard, or the dog does a scent exercise with toys, shoes or household items).

For the Performer Trick Dog title, the dog will:

1) perform a total of 10 tricks. **At least 3 Tricks must be from the Performer level.** The remaining tricks can be from the Performer, Advanced or Intermediate levels and must be tricks not previously submitted for other titles.

2) **At least 3 tricks must use props.** Props are objects used by performers to tell the story.

3) The list of Performer tricks in the Evaluator Guide will be added to over time. Handlers may contact AKC at trickdog@akc.org to ask if tricks not yet on the list will qualify for Performer.

For the Performer level, tricks may be done as either 1) 10 unrelated tricks done one after the other or 2) as a part of a routine with a theme/story.

An example of a **theme** is “Bruno plays sports”. An example of a tricks routine with a **story** is, “This is Princess. Princess loves to go to school. When she goes to school she 1) takes a nap, 2) gets a book, 3) goes outside and plays ball,” etc.

A helper may be used to read/narrate the story as a way of prompting the tricks for the handler, the handler may tell the story as the dog performs, or the handler may provide the evaluator with a written copy of the script/story (optional for Performer).

**While a theme or story is not required for Performer,** these can be very entertaining and useful for dogs who are working in schools and therapy settings.
In the **Performer** Trick Dog test, handlers:

1) **May not** use food/toys as a lure.  
   (Lures are used to guide the dog into position).

2) **May** use food as a reinforcer and **may also use** clickers to mark behaviors.  
   (Reinforcers come after the behavior to tell the dog the behavior was done correctly).

In the Performer level, **the dog will do each trick 1 time** for the evaluator.

Handlers are advised to keep a copy of tricks submitted at each level. They can easily take a photo with a cell phone to record their tricks.
ELITE PERFORMER

Guidelines

AS OF JANUARY 1, 2020, CGC EVALUATORS EVALUATE FOR ELITE PERFORMER TITLES.

Launched in June 2018, the Elite Performer is AKC Trick Dog’s most advanced title.

Taking Your Show On the Road
Elite Performer dogs are truly an elite class. Elite Performer requires that the handler and dog have demonstrated the ability to “take their show on the road.” This means having a script or story that can be used in performances for children, adults in residential settings, or spectators at dog shows and other events.

As of March 1, 2019, the Elite Performer routine must be performed for an audience of at least 5 people.

• This can be at a school, assisted living facility, park, dog training class for other students in the class, at a dog show, etc.
  ▪ If at a facility with residents, clients or children, adhere to confidentiality rules if you take photos. Photos of the audience may be of backs of heads so you can not see the clients.
  ▪ When you are performing at a public place, photos are usually allowed.

Elite Performer testing requires that the dog:
• Perform 10 tricks, with at least 5 from the Performer level
• At least 5 of the tricks must have props*
• No agility or obedience equipment may be used, however, props may include jumps or other equipment that has been created by the handler.
• There must be a script/story. The handler may tell the story during the performance or have it written so someone else can read it to narrate the story.
• Music may be used; no costumes are allowed for dogs.
• No lures may be used in Elite Performer, however, food, praise and clickers may be used as reinforcers.
*A **prop** is an object used by performers to tell the story. Elite Performers who are “taking their show on the road” should be prepared to bring their own props. A small, lightweight utility wagon or crate dolly can be used for moving props. (type “utility wagon” into [www.google.com](http://www.google.com) for sources on wagons). Props include objects such as toy pianos, basketball hoops, beds, handler created jumps, etc. A treat (food reward) is not a prop, nor is a toy that is given as a reinforcer.

For help writing a script or story, see the materials at:  
https://www.akc.org/sports/trick-dog/resources/
NOVICE LEVEL

Trick Descriptions

1. Balance Beam
   The dog will walk on a low balance beam or board a few inches off the floor. The dog will perform this trick at least 2 times in a row.
   - The board should be approximately 6-ft. long
   - The board should be stable.
   - Handler may be beside the dog for safety.

2. Bark on Cue
   When the handler says, “Bark!” or “Speak!” (or another chosen verbal cue), the dog will bark. The dog will perform this trick at least 2 times in a row.
   - The handler may also choose to use a hand signal for “speak.” The hand signal may be given alone or along with a verbal cue.

3. Crawl
   The dog will respond to the handler’s cue to crawl by getting in the down position and crawling on his/her belly at least 3 body lengths. The dog will do this trick at least 2 times.
   - In the Novice level, the handler may instruct the dog to “down” in preparation for the crawl.
   - The handler may use a lure.

4. Fetch it
   The handler will throw an object such as a favorite toy or ball for the dog to retrieve. The dog will fetch the object, and bring it to the handler within 2 feet. (2 times)
   - The dog will fetch the object from at least 10-feet.

5. Find it
   A treat (or scent item) will be hidden under one cup, object, or container and the dog will be told to “find it.” The dog will touch the cup/object/container with its nose or will turn the cup/object over.
   [At the Intermediate level, this trick will be done with 3 cups]. (2 times)

6. Get your _____.
   When told by the handler, “Get your___” [may be a brush, toy, name of specific toy, etc.], the dog will get the object from at least 5-ft. away and will bring it to the handler.
   Fetch it involves the handler throwing the object. In “Get your ___” the object has been placed at least 5-ft. away from the dog. (2 times)
7. Get in (the box or container)
   When the handler tells the dog, “Get in,” the dog will jump or step into a box. (2 times)
   • The box will be big enough to hold the dog
   • The sides of the box may be trimmed so the box is only several inches high.
   • A box lid may also be used if the lid is several inches tall.
   • All 4 paws will be in the box.

7.b. Sits in box/container on cue [This is an optional separate trick]
   When the dog is in the box/container, the handler will cue the dog to “sit” with a verbal cue or hand signal.

8. Get on (low platform or step, etc. with 4 paws)
   When the handler tells the dog, “Get on,” “Hup,” or any other preferred cue, the dog will jump or step onto a low platform. This can be a wide step for the dog to stand on with all 4 paws, an agility pause table, or a trick dog pedestal. (Will do 2 times)
   • Remember that whenever the dog is jumping onto something, the object should be stable.

9. Hand signals (Choose one: sit, down or come)
   The dog will respond to one of the hand signals for sit, down or come. Dog will do this trick (respond to selected hand signal) 2 times. If a hand signal has not already been taught, we suggest using the hand signals for AKC obedience if the handler is interested in obedience training. This trick tests the dog’s ability to respond to a hand signal; lures and verbal cues may not be used for this trick.

10. High five
    In the high five trick, when cued by the handler, the dog raises one arm into the “high five” (chest height) position. This trick can also be called “wave hello,” or “wave goodbye.” At the Novice level, the dog may simply raise the arm and does not have to wave or paw at the air. (2 times)

11. Hold (at least 3-seconds)
    For the Novice Trick Dog “hold”, the dog will hold an object given to it by the handler for at least 3-seconds. (Object will be given to dog to hold 2 times)
    • the object may be a favorite toy or ball. For an obedience dog, the handler may wish to have the dog demonstrate holding a dumbbell.
    • Objects at the Novice level are held at least 3-seconds
    • Other objects could be a basket (handle), a stuffed animal that could be worked into a trick dog routine (“take the cat outside”), a letter, etc.
12. Jump (through a low hoop or over a low bar)
   When instructed to, “Jump!” by the handler, the dog will jump over a low bar (a few inches from the floor) or the dog will jump through a low hula hoop. (2 times)
   • In Novice, a lure may be used to get the dog through the hoop or over the jump.

13. Kennel up (go in crate, stay in until released)
   When told, “Kennel up,” “Crate,” or “Get in your crate,” etc., from 3 to 5 ft. away, the dog will go into the crate and will stay there (quietly and with no resistance) with the door closed for at least 10-seconds. (2 times)
   • The handler will open the door after 10-seconds and will release the dog.

14. Kiss (handler’s cheek or back of hand)
   The handler will turn his/her cheek (or offer hand) to the dog, say “Kiss,” or “Give kisses,” etc. The dog will kiss the handler’s cheek or back of hand. (2 times)

15. Paws up (2 front paws on low footstool or step)
   When told, “Paws up,” by the handler, the dog will step up and place his/her two front feet onto a step, stepstool, upside down wooden box or other raised surface. (2 times)
   • Stools, pedestals, and other surfaces should be stable so that they don’t slide when the dog steps up.
   • A practical example of this skill is in therapy settings when the dog needs to raise its head so a patient in a bed can reach it for petting

16. Push-ups (sit, down; sit, down; sit, down)
   Push-ups are a good exercise for puppies who are learning tricks.
   • In Novice, a lure may be used to guide the dog into a sit. From sit, the dog is instructed to “down,” then sit again, then down.
   • The dog will perform the sit/down sequence 3 times.

17. Shake hands
   When the handler says, “Shake,” “Paw,” or “Shake hands,” the dog will raise her/his paw chest high so the handler can ‘shake hands.’ (2 times)
   • Remember that you can reward the dog with food in Novice.
18. Spin in circle
When told, “Spin” or “Circle,” the dog will spin in a full circle.
• The dog may circle to the right or left. More advanced trick dogs can learn to respond to the verbal cues “circle right” and “circle left.”
• The handler may use a lure in Novice to get the dog to spin.
• The dog should spin at least 2 times in a circle (does the trick twice)

19. Touch it (hand or target stick)
The touch is the foundation for a lot of trick training. When told, “touch,” the dog will touch the handler’s hand or target stick. (2 times)
• Say, “touch” and present the object to be touched to 1) the right of the dog’s head, 2) then to the left, then 3) in front of the dog (so the dog will demonstrate it can do this in 3 positions).
• For this exercise, we encourage handlers to learn to use a clicker if they haven’t already. In training, click and reward each time-- the instant the dog does the behavior correctly. First click, then treat.
• By the time handlers get to the Trick Dog test, they may or may not have faded some of the clicks.

20. Tunnel (agility or child’s tunnel)
In this Novice trick, the dog will go through a tunnel (2 times).
• The handler may guide the dog into the tunnel at the entrance.
• Remember that agility and obedience equipment is no longer permitted in Performer and Elite Performer.

21. Other: Handlers Choice
For the Novice title, the handler may choose up to 2 Handler’s Choice tricks. This is to accommodate handlers who have taught tricks not on this list. If the trick is more difficult than a Novice trick, the handler may wish to save this trick for a more advanced title. Tricks may not be repeated from one title to the next. This trick should be demonstrated 2 times.

22. Other: Handlers Choice
See #21.
INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

*Trick Descriptions*

1. **Balance treat on nose or head (e.g., dog biscuit)**
   The dog will balance a treat (such as a dog biscuit) on his/her nose or head for at least 5-seconds. Dog will do this trick 2 times.
   - The handler may give a verbal cue such as, “Stay,” while the dog is balancing the treat.

2. **Carry (such as a basket or other object)**
   The dog will hold and carry an object (such as a basket) (2 times).
   - The dog should walk at least 15-ft. carrying the object.
   - The handler may walk beside or ahead of the dog.

3. **Catch (soft toy, soft ball, treat, etc.)**
   The handler will toss an object (such as a soft toy, soft ball) to the dog and the dog will catch it. Dog will catch the object 2 times.
   - The handler may give a verbal cue such as, “catch.”

4. **Crawl (dog on belly, crawls at least 5 body lengths; may use food or toy lure)**
   From the down position, the dog will crawl on its belly at least 5-ft. (2 times)
   - The handler may use a lure for this trick (in Novice and Intermediate).
   - If this Trick was submitted for the Novice title, may not repeat for Intermediate.

5. **Fetch it (20 ft. away and deliver to hand)**
   The handler will throw an object (such as a ball, dumbbell, toy) and the dog will fetch it from 20-ft. (2 times)
   - The handler will give the dog a verbal cue such as, “fetch it.”
   - The dog will fetch the object and return it to the handler so the handler can take the object.

6. **Game (dog manipulates interactive canine game or treat dispensing object to get a treat)**
   The dog will manipulate a canine game, puzzle or treat dispensing object to get a treat. (2 times)

7. **Go find (handler hides, dog goes and finds)**
   The handler will hide. The dog will go and find the handler. (2 times)
   - A helper will say, “Go find____,” and the dog will find the handler.
   - The handler may hide behind a screen, around a corner, behind furniture, etc.
8. Go to your place (to bed/mat, crate from 10 ft.)
   The dog will go to his/her place when given a verbal cue such as “Place” or “Go to your place.” (2 times)
   • The place may be the dog’s bed, mat or a crate.
   • The dog will go to his/her place from 10-ft. away.

9. Hand signals (sit, down, come, stand- total of 3 in any order)
   The dog will respond correctly to at least 3 hand signals (no verbal cues) selected by the handler. (2 times for each sequence of 3. Example: sit, down, come. Then repeat: sit, down, come).
   • Hand signals may include any 3 of sit, down, come, or stand.

10. Jump through - handler’s circled arms
    This trick is for small or medium-sized dogs. The handler will hold her/his arms in a circle (to the handler’s side) and will give a cue such as, “Through” or “Hup” to signal the dog to jump through the handler’s arms. (2 times)
    • The handler may bend over, or do this trick from a kneeling position.
    • Large breeds that do not fit through the handler’s arms may jump over the handler’s leg.

11. Leg weave (weave around handler’s legs)
    In this Intermediate trick, the dog will weave around the handler’s legs.
    • The dog will go around each leg at least 2 times.

12. Paws up (on handler’s arm)
    In this trick, the dog will jump up and place the front paws/arms on the handler’s arm (2 times)
    • With larger dogs, handlers will stand and the dog will stand on its hind legs.
    • For smaller dogs, the handler can bend over or kneel.

13. Pulls a toy/bag on a string or rope
    The dog will respond to a cue such as, “Pull” or “Pull it.” (2 times)
    • The dog will pull a toy at least 5-ft.

14. Push button/key on sound toy, noise button, etc. to activate sound.
    The dog will push a button/key at least 2 times on a toy/object that makes a sound.
15. Rollover
For this Intermediate level trick, the dog will respond to the handler’s cue, “Rollover.”
(will do 2 times)
• The handler may tell the dog to “down” as the first step.

16. Shell game (find treat or scent item under 1 of 3 cups, objects or containers)
In the Novice version of this trick, the dog found a treat/scent under 1 cup/container. For this Intermediate level trick, the dog will find a treat or scent hidden under 1 of 3 cups/containers. The dog will indicate the correct cup by touching it with its nose, or pushing it over. (2 times)
• For a performance, the handler can tell the audience the dog will guess which cup hides the treat, but, this is simply a scent exercise.

17. Sit pretty (sit up or sit with head tilted)
There are two ways to do the sit pretty: 1) the dog will sit up with its paws off the floor or 2) the dog will sit and simply tilt its head to the side. (2 times)
• Large dogs may have a difficult time sitting up and balancing so they can “sit pretty” by tilting their heads and holding the head tilt for at least 3-seconds.
• Small and medium-size dogs can sit up with their paws off the floor for “sit pretty.”

18. Wave good-bye/hello
In the Novice trick called High-five, the dog raises his/her paw at least chest high. In this Intermediate good-bye, the dog raises the paw and paws at the air, as in waving good-bye.
• The dog should “wave” at least 2 waves.

19. Weave poles (6 weave poles) May use food or a lure for this trick.
In this Intermediate trick, the dog will correctly go through 6 weave poles. (2 times)
While the Intermediate Trick Dog level does not permit food used as lures, there are a few exceptions and this is one of them. In Intermediate weave poles, a lure may be used to guide the dog through 6 weave poles. [Agility equipment can no longer be used in Performer or Elite Performer].

20. Wobble Board (or rocker board)
The dog will step onto the rocker board or wobble board and will balance for at least 10-seconds (2 times).
• Wobble boards get the dog used to a moving surface and build balance and coordination.
21. Other: Handlers Choice
For the Intermediate title, the handler may choose up to 2 Handler’s Choice tricks. This is to accommodate handlers who have taught tricks not on this list. If the trick is more difficult than an Intermediate trick, the handler may wish to save this trick for a more advanced title. Tricks may not be repeated from one title to the next – if the trick has been done in Novice, it may not be repeated in Intermediate or Advanced.

22. Other: Handlers Choice
See #21.

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR IDEAS FOR ADDITIONAL INTERMEDIATE TRICKS
Ideas for Other Intermediate Tricks

Any time handlers or instructors have creative ideas for their own tricks, they can contact AKC Trick Dog if there are questions regarding approval.

Ideas for other Handler’s Choice tricks:

- Balance Ball
- Close drawer
- Close door
- Flyball (run to box, push, get ball)
- Head down
- Heeling with automatic sit
- Open door
- Open drawer with cloth pull added
- Ring doorbell (can be mounted on wood, etc.)
- Run and get ball from flyball box
- Remove object from box/ mailbox
- Teeter totter (in Intermediate, may use agility equipment)
- Touch lamp- turn on touch lamp with nose
ADVANCED LEVEL

Trick Descriptions

1. Back up
   When given the cue (verbal, hand signal, or both) to “back up” the dog will walk backwards at least 5 body lengths. (1 time)
   • The handler may give multiple cues (e.g., tell the dog more than once).
   • At the Advanced level, the handler should not be walking into the dog to get it to back up.

2. Balance treat on nose, flip to eat
   The handler will place a treat on the dog’s nose (muzzle). A cue may be given such as “stay” or “hold it.” (1 time)
   • The dog will hold the treat for at least 5-seconds, then the handler will say something to indicate the dog can flip and eat the treat (e.g., “Get it!”)

3. Barrel
   The dog will either 1) roll a barrel with 2 front paws or 2) will stand with all 4 paws on the barrel and will roll it at least 5-ft. (1 time). Can also use exercise peanut.

4. Bow
   The dog will bow as in “take a bow.” This looks like a play bow, with the rear end up, front paws out, and head down (1 time).

5. Circle right, circle left
   In this Advanced trick, the dog responds to verbal cues or hand signals for “Circle right” or “Circle left.” (1 time in each direction).
   • Handler may use verbal cues and hand signals (either or both).
   • Lures may not be used for this Advanced trick.

6. Cover your eyes (paw over eyes)
   The dog will begin in the down position and will respond correctly to a cue such as “Cover your eyes,” “Hide your eyes,” or “Don’t look.” (1 time)

7. Cover up with blanket
   The handler will give the dog a verbal prompt such as “Cover up,” or “Time to go to sleep.” The dog will cover itself with the blanket (1 time)

8. Go hide
   The handler will signal the dog to “go hide.” The dog may be directed to get under a table, behind a screen, etc. (1 time)
9. Head down
   Beginning in the down position, the dog will put his/her head down so the chin is on the floor. (1 time)

10. Hide your head
    The dog will hide her/his head by putting the head only under a blanket, pillow, etc. (1 time)

11. Jump into handler’s arms
    Starting with the dog several feet away, when given a verbal cue such as, “Up!” or “Hup!”, the dog will come and jump into the handler’s arms. (1 time)

12. Jump over the handler’s back
    With the handler kneeling on all fours or on one knee with the upper body bent forward (crouching down), the dog will jump over the handler’s back. (1 time)

13. Light (turn on)
    The dog will activate a pressure sensitive button or light in response to a verbal cue from the handler such as, “Lights on.” (1 time)

14. Open (door of mailbox, toy refrigerator, get object)
    The dog will open the door of a mailbox, refrigerator, etc. and will get an object such as a bag, small box, can, etc. (1 time)
    • The mailbox or refrigerator may be a toy version.
    • A handle may be added to the door so that the dog has something to pull.

15. Play dead (faint, go-to-sleep)
    In response to the handler’s cue, the dog will fall to the floor and play dead. (1 time)
    • Other options are “He fainted!” “Good Night!” or “Bang bang!”

16. Scent articles (choose from 5)
    The dog will find a scent article (with the handler’s scent) and will return the article to the handler. This trick is basically the scent discrimination exercise in obedience. (1 time)
    • In a performance, the handler can say, “My dog (name) can read—go and find the dumbbell that says “4” on it.”
17. Sit or down at a distance
   From 15-ft. away, the dog will respond to a verbal cue or hand signal to sit or down.
   (1 time). In this trick, the handler will choose either a voice command or hand signal (not both) to cue the dog to sit or down (handler chooses sit or down).

18. Tissue out of box
   The dog will take a tissue from a box and will bring it to the handler. (1 time)
   • The handler will tell the dog to get the tissue.

19. Toys
   The dog will pick up a toy, take it to a toy box and will drop it in the box. (1 time)

20. Weave poles (6 poles – no food or lures)
   In the Intermediate version of this trick, handlers were permitted to use a food lure. In Advanced Trick Dog, the dog must go through 6 weave poles correctly with no lures. (1 time)

21. Other: Handlers Choice
   For the Advanced title, the handler may choose to do up to 2 Handler’s Choice tricks. This is to accommodate handlers who have taught tricks not on this list. Tricks may not be repeated from one title to the next – if the trick has been done in Novice or Intermediate, it may not be repeated in the Advanced level.

22. Other: Handlers Choice
   See #21.

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR IDEAS FOR ADDITIONAL ADVANCED TRICKS
Ideas for Other Advanced Tricks

Any time handlers or instructors have creative ideas for their own tricks, they can contact AKC Trick Dog if there are questions regarding approval.

Ideas for other Handler’s Choice tricks:

Basketball – drop ball into hoop
Dance/moonwalk
Embarrassed (act embarrassed)
Identify toy by name out of a group of 3 toys
Jump onto handler’s back (handler crouches down)
Lassie pose- sit pretty plus add on bent paw on cue
Leg weave moving – handler walks while dog weaves between legs
Make your bed
Pay for it (dog goes and fetches money, brings to exchange for treat)
Pick pocket
   (remove object from box = Intermediate. Here, the dog takes handkerchief out of handler’s pocket as handler moves)
Pivot – dog places paws on disk and moves back legs in a circle
Pulls a bag with objects (harder than the Advanced trick because this adds some weight)
Remove handler’s slipper, shoe
Retreat – crawl backwards (can also alternate “crawl” forward)
Retrieve flat item from a flat surface (e.g., credit card from floor)
Reverse circles around handler
Say your prayers
Shake (as in to shake off water, “shake your booty” or “show me Elvis”)
Sing/talk
Sit pretty, add Lassie bent paw pose
Smile
Smoosh – dog presses face on plexiglass to make a funny face (an advanced version of target touch)
Sneeze
Under handler (handler on hands and knees; dog goes under)
Walk on hind legs (paws may be on handler’s arm)
PERFORMER LEVEL

Trick Descriptions

1. Buried under toys
   Handler covers the dog with stuffed animals. Given a cue such as, “Where’s Buddy?” the dog will lift its head out of the toys.

2. Carry stuffed animal on back
   The dog will carry a stuffed animal that has been placed on its back for a distance of at least 15-ft.

3. Dig (pretends to dig)
   Given a hand signal or verbal cue such as “dig” or “where is it?” the dog will pretend to dig.

4. Gets in suitcase and closes lid
   Get in a box or container such as a suitcase is a Novice Trick. The key feature of this Performer trick is for the dog to close the lid after getting in.

5. Jump through tissue hoop
   Jumping through a hoop is a Novice trick. This Performer trick requires the dog to jump through a low hoop that is covered with soft tissue (wrapping paper).

6. Jump up and down or wiggle with excitement
   The trick begins with the dog having a neutral demeanor. Given a verbal cue such as, “He was so excited!” the dog wiggles or jumps up and down. The dog must respond to a verbal cue or hand signal; the handler should not be jumping up and down or squealing to get the dog excited.

7. In bed, turns so that belly is up
   Get in your bed or crate is an Intermediate trick. In this Performer trick, the dog gets in the bed and responds to a verbal cue to “turn over.” The dog remains on its back for at least 5- seconds.

8. Limping
   The dog will pretend to limp at least 5-ft. when given a hand signal or verbal cue such as “limp” or “hurt foot.”
9. **Nod or shake head (yes/no)**
   The dog will either nod (head up and down) or shake his head from side to side, as if to indicate a yes or no response. A hand signal or verbal cue may be used.

10. **Pulls (drags) bag of objects, etc.**
    This trick is similar to the Intermediate trick, pulls a toy on a string or rope. The difference is that this trick involves a bag that has some weight to it. The bag can contain the dog’s toys, a small foam bed, supplies needed for a Performer routine, etc. The dog will pull or drag a bag at least 5 body lengths.

11. **Runs circles around human or post**
    This trick contains elements of the Advanced level Circle-right, circle left and the Intermediate level Leg weaves. Given a verbal cue or hand signal, the dog will complete at least 3 circles around a human or post.

12. **Sit pretty while holding something with paw/arm**
    This is a two-part trick where the dog 1) is cued to sit pretty (dog sits up) and then, 2) is given something to hold by wrapping its paw or front leg around the object. The object can be a flag, toy baseball bat, etc. Verbal cues or hand signals may be used to prompt both the sit pretty and “hold it.” The dog should hold the object at least 3 seconds.

13. **Barrel**
    The dog will either 1) roll a barrel with 2 front paws or 2) will stand with all 4 paws on the barrel and will roll it at least 10-ft. (1 time).
    (In Advanced Trick Dog, the barrel trick requires the dog to roll the barrel 5-ft.)

14. **Cart or baby stroller**
    The dog will push a cart (such as a toy grocery cart), toy baby stroller, or similar object with wheels for a distance of at least 5-ft.

15. **Computer/phone**
    The equipment for the computer or phone can be a child’s working computer, or a phone or keyboard that is not connected. This equipment can also be a prop designed by the handler (e.g., a large cardboard computer) When given a cue by the handler, the dog will use a paw to push the keys (at least 3 times) as though it is typing.

16. **Paints**
    The dog will hold a marker or paint brush in its mouth and will make a mark on paper. The handler will cue the dog, “Paint.”
17. Piano
   The dog will push the keys on a toy piano at least 4 times to make a sound.

18. Rides in child’s car, wagon or handler designed bus, etc.
   The dog will sit in a car or another vehicle with wheels. The handler will push or pull the vehicle at least 10-ft.

19. School desk
   Following the handler’s cue such as “get in,” or “time for school,” the dog will get into the seat of a school desk. This may be a child’s desk.

20. Skateboard
   The dog will get on and ride a skateboard at least 5 body lengths.

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR IDEAS FOR ADDITIONAL PERFORMER TRICKS
Additional Performer Tricks

At the Performer level, there will be many tricks that handlers can create that are specific to props they have created or repurposed from other items.

Examples:

- Answer questions - (Do you like __?) Dog “answers” by barking, wiggling, etc.
  If no (Do you like cats?), dog turns away or no response.
- Ball into small cone – deposit ball into cone with small opening
- Blowing bubbles (in a dish of water)
- Cross paws, one then the other
- Figure 8 – dog does this without handler
- Ladder – dog walks down “railroad tracks” –bunk bed ladder made of wood. Dog’s feet are on side boards.
- Over and under handler – dog jumps over handler, runs/scoots under
- Phone – reliable alert to ringing phone, doorbell
- Phone – phone rings at distance, dog gets it and brings to handler
- Ring toss (put at least 3 rings on a stacking pole)
- Roll out mat (for yoga, etc.)
- Side pass – dog moves laterally with handler- both move sideways.
- Sit pretty, cross paws (Sit pretty is Intermediate; add cross paws = Performer)
- Soccer – push ball into a goal
- Song- dog responds to one song over others (handler shows how dog comes to one preferred song then sits pretty)
- Spin through (dog starts in heel position right side, on cue moves in front of handler, spins counter clockwise 360 degrees, then backs thru handlers legs and moves back into right side heel position).
- Stranger Danger (this is a discrimination exercise—dog is cued by hand the treat is in—offer treat, say, “This is from your friend, Mary.” Dog takes treat. Offer treat and say, “This is from a stranger.” Dog refuses treat.
- Touch the ___ (color blue, number, etc). This is another version of stranger danger. Dog touches the correct plate, photo, number on a card, yes/no on card, etc.
- Walk on handler’s feet (step on handler’s feet from behind and walk)
- Wipe feet on mat (modified “dig”)
**Behavior Chains**

Handlers may also combine tricks (behavior chains) to create 1 complex trick. For example, in the Advanced level, the dog can take a toy to a toy box and drop it in the box.

*For Performer, with one cue from the handler such as “clean up,” the dog could go and get the toy, take it to the toy box, put the toy on the floor, open the lid of the box, put the toy in, and close the lid. This behavior chain would be done with only one cue from the handler and it would count as one trick.*

Examples:

- Basketball: Catches ball, runs to basket, drops ball in basket
- Circles- running in at least 3 circles around handler backwards (in reverse)
- Pick pocket: Takes item from handler’s pocket, goes and drops into basket, box, or dog bed

Additional ideas for Performer tricks will be added to the list as time goes on, however, handlers and instructors should feel free to create and use their own tricks. If there are questions about whether a trick would be approved as a Performer trick, check with AKC at trickdog@akc.org

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